

University of New Hampshire at Durham

Prepared 2024-08-09 IPEDS: 183044



About This Report

About Your Engagement Indicators Report

Engagement Indicators (EIs) provide a useful summary of the detailed information contained in your students' NSSE responses. By combining responses to related NSSE questions, each EI offers valuable information about a distinct aspect of student engagement. Ten indicators, based on three to eight survey questions each (a total of 47 survey questions), are organized into four broad themes as shown at right. The specific items within each EI are listed below, starting on page 5.

Theme	Engagement Indicator
	Higher-Order Learning
Academic Challenge	Reflective & Integrative Learning
	Learning Strategies
	Quantitative Reasoning
Lograing with Boors	Collaborative Learning
Learning with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others
Experiences with Faculty	Student-Faculty Interaction
Experiences with ruculty	Effective Teaching Practices
Campus Environment	Quality of Interactions
Campus Environment	Supportive Environment

Report Sections

Overview (p. 3)

Displays how average EI scores for your students compare with those of students at your comparison group institutions.

Theme Reports (pp. 4-13)

Detailed views of EI scores within the four themes for your students and those at comparison group institutions. Three views offer varied insights into your EI scores:

Mean Comparisons

Straightforward comparisons of average scores between your students and those at comparison group institutions, with tests of significance and effect sizes (see below).

Score Distributions

Box-and-whisker charts show the variation in scores within your institution and comparison groups.

Performance on Indicator Items

Responses to each item in a given EI are summarized for your institution and comparison groups.

Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions (p. 15) Comparisons of your students' average scores on each EI with those of students at institutions whose average scores were in the top 50% and top 10% of all current- and prior-year institutions.

Detailed Statistics (pp. 16-End)

Detailed information about EI score means, distributions, and tests of statistical significance.

Interpreting Comparisons

Mean comparisons report both statistical significance and effect size. Effect size indicates the practical importance of an observed difference. For EI comparisons, NSSE research has concluded that an effect size of about .1 may be considered small, .3 medium, and .5 large (Rocconi & Gonyea, 2018). Comparisons with an effect size of at least .3 in magnitude (before rounding) are highlighted in the Overview (p. 3).

Els vary more among students within an institution than between institutions, like many experiences and outcomes in higher education. As a result, focusing attention on average scores alone amounts to examining the tip of the iceberg. It's equally important to understand how student engagement varies within your institution. Score distributions indicate how El scores vary among your students and those in your comparison groups. Your NSSE Tableau dashboards and Report Builder (released in the fall) offer valuable perspectives on internal variation and help you investigate your students' engagement in depth.

How Engagement Indicators are Computed

Each EI is scored on a 60-point scale. To produce an indicator score, the response set for each item is converted to a 60-point scale (e.g., Never = 0; Sometimes = 20; Often = 40; Very often = 60), and the rescaled items are averaged. Thus a score of zero means a student responded at the bottom of the scale for every item in the EI, while a score of 60 indicates responses at the top of the scale on every item.

For more information on EIs and their psychometric properties, refer to the NSSE website: nsse.indiana.edu

Rocconi, L.M., & Gonyea, R.M. (2018). Contextualizing effect sizes in the National Survey of Student Engagement: An empirical analysis. *Research & Practice in Assessment, 13* (Summer/Fall), pp. 22-38.



Overview

University of New Hampshire at Durham

Engagement Indicators: Overview

Engagement Indicators are summary measures based on sets of NSSE questions examining key dimensions of student engagement. The ten indicators are organized within four broad themes: Academic Challenge, Learning with Peers, Experiences with Faculty, and Campus Environment. The tables below compare average scores for your students with those in your comparison groups. Use the following key:

- \triangle Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.
- \triangle Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- -- No significant difference.
- ∇ Your students' average was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- **Vour students' average** was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

Note: It is important to interpret the direction of differences relative to your institutional context. You may not see all of these symbols in your report.

irst-Year Students		Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year student compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Comparator instituti	New England Publics	Same Carnegie Class
	Higher-Order Learning	∇		∇
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning		∇	
Challenge	Learning Strategies	∇		∇
	Quantitative Reasoning	∇		∇
Learning with	Collaborative Learning			
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	▼		V
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction			
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	∇	∇	•
Campus	Quality of Interactions			
Environment	Supportive Environment	∇		•
eniors		Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Comparator instituti	New England Publics	Same Carnegie Class
	Higher-Order Learning		Δ	
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning			
Challenge	Learning Strategies			
	Quantitative Reasoning			
Learning with	Collaborative Learning			
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	▼		•
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction			
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices			
Campus	Quality of Interactions	Δ		
Environment	Supportive Environment			∇



Academic Challenge

University of New Hampshire at Durham

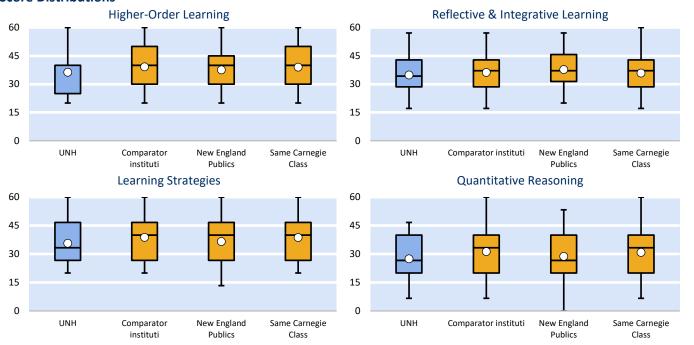
Academic Challenge: First-year students

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

lean Comparisons		Your	first-year students compared wi	th
	UNH	Comparator instituti Effect	New England Publics Effect	Same Carnegie Class Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Higher-Order Learning	36.3	39.2 **22	37.610	39.0 **20
Reflective & Integrative Learning	34.9	36.211	37.8 **25	35.908
Learning Strategies	35.7	38.8 **23	36.607	38.7 **22
Quantitative Reasoning	27.5	31.3 ***25	28.808	30.8 **21

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



Academic Challenge

University of New Hampshire at Durham

Academic Challenge: First-year students (continued)

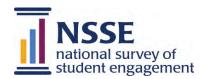
Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

Higher-Order Learning NuM Instituti Number Fraghtand Publics Olass			Percentage point	difference ^a between yo	our FY students and
Percentage responding "Fory much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized 4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations 72	Higher Order Learning		•	-	Same Carnegie
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations 72		UNH	instituti	Publics	Class
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts 4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source 4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information 67	Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%		ě	
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source 4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information 67 55 22 48 Reflective & Integrative Learning Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" 2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments 63 48 47 14 -3 2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues 48 77 14 -3 2c. discussions or assignments 2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 2f. Itearned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept 2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge 81 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 48 49 49 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	72	-2	-0	-2
Ae. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information 67 -5 -2 -4 Reflective & Integrative Learning Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" 2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments 63 +8 +1 +1 +8 2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues 48 -7 2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course 48 -8 2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 61 -4 2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from their perspective (political) and issue or concept 63 -5 2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge 81 +1 2e. Tried to better understand that they "Very often" or "Often" Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" 9a. Identified key information from reading assignments 70 -7 5 49b. Reviewed your notes after class 70 9b. Reviewed your notes after class 70 9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials 61 6a. Resched conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.) 7 2d. Susd numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, 27 4a 4b 4c. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from 66 5 5 5 5 5 6 7 5 4 9 9 10 11 12 12 12 12 13 14 15 16 17 17 17 18 18 19 10	4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	60	-12	-11	-11
Reflective & Integrative Learning Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" 2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments 63	4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	64	-7	-6	-5
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" 2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments 2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues 2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments 2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 2d. Examined th	4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	67	-5	-2	-4
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments 2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues 2c. dincluded diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course 48 -8 -19 -4 2c. discussions or assignments 2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue 61 -4 -8 -4 27 -14 -3 28 29 20 20 21 21 21 22 21 21 22 21 23 24 25 26 27 -7 -4 28 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	Reflective & Integrative Learning				
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2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from their perspective 2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept 2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge 81 +1 -2 +1 Learning Strategies Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" 9a. Identified key information from reading assignments 70 -7 -5 -4 9b. Reviewed your notes after class 9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials 61 -6 -3 -5 Quantitative Reasoning Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" 6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.) Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, and the statistics and the statistics and the statistics are concept and		48	-8	-19	-4
2e. their perspective 2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept 2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge 81 +1	2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	61	-4	-8	-4
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge Learning Strategies Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" 9a. Identified key information from reading assignments 70 -7 -5 -4 9b. Reviewed your notes after class 55 -11 -2 -12 9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials 61 -6 -3 -5 Quantitative Reasoning Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" 6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.) 6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, and the state of the problem of the probl	7 <u>6</u>	66	-5	-7	-4
Learning Strategies Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" 9a. Identified key information from reading assignments 70 -7 -5 -4 9b. Reviewed your notes after class 55 -11 -2 -12 9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials 61 -6 -3 -5 Quantitative Reasoning Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" 6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.) Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, and	2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	63	-5	-8	-6
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" 9a. Identified key information from reading assignments 70 -7 -5 -4 9b. Reviewed your notes after class 55 -11 -2 -12 9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials 61 -6 -3 -5 Quantitative Reasoning Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" 6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.) Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, 12)	2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	81	+1	-2	+1
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments 70 -7 -5 -4 9b. Reviewed your notes after class 55 -11 -2 -12 9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials 61 -6 -3 -5 Quantitative Reasoning Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" 6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.) Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, 27 -12 -13 -19	Learning Strategies				
9b. Reviewed your notes after class 9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials 61 61 63 75 Quantitative Reasoning Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" 6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.) Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, 27 10 11 12 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 18 19 10 10 10 11 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials 61 -6 -3 -5 Quantitative Reasoning Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" 6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.) Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, 27 -10 -10 -10	9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	70	-7	-5	-4
Quantitative Reasoning Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.) Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, 27 12 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	9b. Reviewed your notes after class	55	-11	-2	-12
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.) Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, 27 12 12 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	61	-6	-3	-5
Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.) Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, 27 2 12 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Quantitative Reasoning				
6a. graphs, statistics, etc.) 1	Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
	63	51	-7	-1	-7
		37	-12	-9	-10
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information 34 -15 -10 -12	6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	34	-15	-10	-12

Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Academic Challenge

University of New Hampshire at Durham

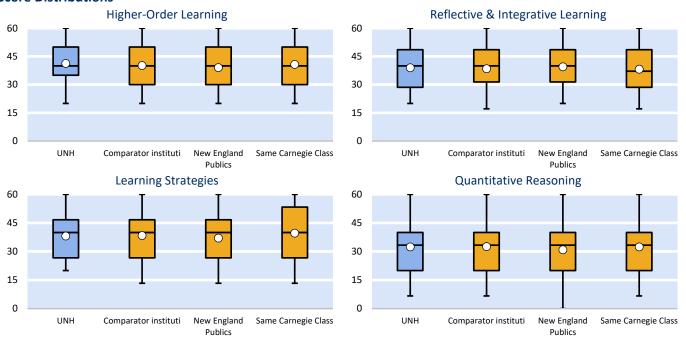
Academic Challenge: Seniors

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

lean Comparisons			Y	our seniors con	npared with		
	UNH	Compara	Comparator instituti		New England Publics		rnegie Class Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size	Mean	Effect size	Mean	size
Higher-Order Learning	41.3	40.2	.09	39.0 *	.18	40.8	.04
Reflective & Integrative Learning	39.0	38.5	.04	39.5	04	38.2	.06
Learning Strategies	38.1	38.3	02	37.0	.08	39.6	10
Quantitative Reasoning	32.4	32.6	01	30.8	.10	32.4	.00

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



Academic Challenge

University of New Hampshire at Durham

Academic Challenge: Seniors (continued)

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage p	oint difference ^a betweer	your seniors and	
Higher-Order Learning	UNH	Comparator instituti	New England Publics	Same Carnegie Class	
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%				
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	84	+7	+8	+5	
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	81	+5	+8	+4	
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	73	+2	+4	+3	
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	73	+0	+2	-1	
Reflective & Integrative Learning				-	
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"					
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	73	+4	-2	+4	
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	62	+1	-6	+3	
Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	50	-6	-9	-2	
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	63	-3	-5	-3	
Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from their perspective	71	-0	-2	-0	
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	72	+0	-2	-1	
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	87	+3	+3	+4	
Learning Strategies					
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"					
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	78	+2	+2	+2	
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	55	-6	-0	-11	
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	66	+1	+4	-2	
Quantitative Reasoning					
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"					
Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	61	+1	+6	+0	
Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	54	+3	+5	+3	
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	52	-1	+2	+1	
		1	Г	r	

Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Learning with Peers

University of New Hampshire at Durham

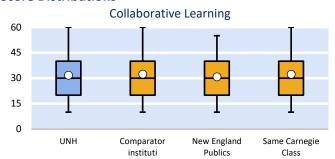
Learning with Peers: First-year students

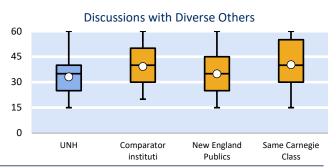
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and interacting with peers from different backgrounds prepares students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your f	irst-year stude	nts compared wi	th	
	UNH	Comparator instituti		New England Publics		Same Carnegie Class	
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Collaborative Learning	31.7	32.3	05	30.8	.07	32.3	04
Discussions with Diverse Others	33.2	39.3 ***	42	34.9	13	40.3 ***	47

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding: *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

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Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point	difference ^a between yo	ur FY students and
		Comparator	New England	Same Carnegie
Collaborative Learning	UNH	instituti	Publics	Class
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			
1b. Asked another student to help you understand course material	55	+4	+8	+4
1c. Explained course material to one or more students	50	-5	-2	-4
1d. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	47	-2	+2	-0
1e. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	61	+4	+6	+4
Discussions with Diverse Others				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with				
8a. People of races or ethnicities other than your own	50	-22	-7	-24
8b. People from economic backgrounds other than your own	65	-8	-4	-9
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	54	-14	-6	-16
8d. People with political views other than your own	51	-4	+5	-12

Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Learning with Peers

University of New Hampshire at Durham

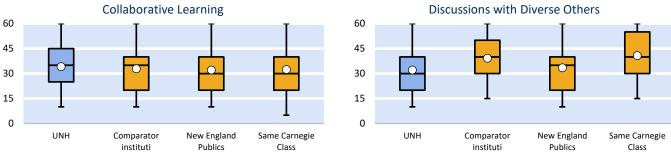
Learning with Peers: Seniors

Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and interacting with peers from different backgrounds prepares students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

lean Comparisons			Y	Your seniors co	mpared with		
	UNH	UNH Comparator instituti		New England Publics		Same Carnegie Class	
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Collaborative Learning	34.1	32.9	.08	32.1	.15	32.5	.11
Discussions with Diverse Others	32.2	39.2 ***	47	33.5	09	40.8 ***	54

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

	Percentage point difference ^a between your seniors and				
	Comparator	New England	Same Carnegie		
UNH	instituti	Publics	Class		
%					
43	-2	-3	-2		
61	+5	+5	+6		
48	+2	+5	+4		
76	+8	+11	+10		
44	-28	-9	-31		
63	-11	-3	-12		
43	-24	-11	-27		
45	-9	+6	-19		
	% 43 61 48 76 44 63 43	Comparator instituti % 43	Comparator instituti % 43 -2 -3 61 +5 48 +2 -8 76 -8 -11 -3 -3 -11		

Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website



Experiences with Faculty

University of New Hampshire at Durham

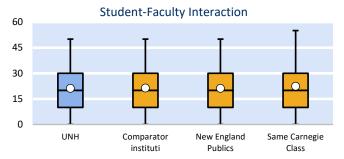
Experiences with Faculty: First-year students

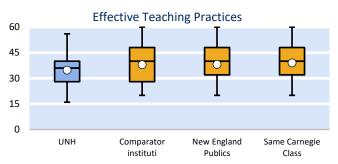
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

lean Comparisons		You	ur first-year students compared w	ith	
	UNH	Comparator instituti	New England Publics	Same Carnegie Class	
		Effect	Effect	Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size	
Student-Faculty Interaction	21.2	21.401	21.2 .00	22.308	
Effective Teaching Practices	34.7	38.0 ***26	38.1 **27	38.9 ***33	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions





Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference ^a between your FY students and			
		Comparator	New England	Same Carnegie	
Student-Faculty Interaction	UNH	instituti	Publics	Class	
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%		_		
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	31	-3	-1	-8	
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	25	+3	+2	+1	
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	25	-3	-5	-3	
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	30	+0	ļ -o	-0	
Effective Teaching Practices					
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have					
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	67	-10	-13	-12	
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	68	-6	-8	-8	
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points		-6	-6	-6	
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	53	-9	-8	-10	
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	46	-12	-12	-14	

Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Experiences with Faculty

University of New Hampshire at Durham

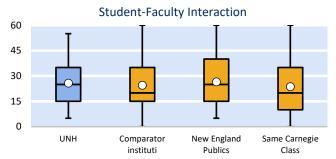
Experiences with Faculty: Seniors

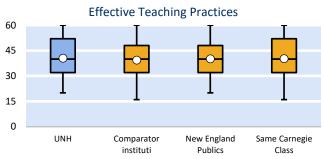
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

lean Comparisons			Y	our seniors co	mpared with			
	UNH	Compara	tor instituti	New Eng	land Publics	Same Carnegie Class		
			Effect		Effect		Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Student-Faculty Interaction	25.7	24.4	.08	26.5	05	23.6	.13	
Effective Teaching Practices	40.4	39.3	.08	40.1	.03	40.2	.02	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions





Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage p	oint difference	a between	your seniors	s and
		Comparator	New Er	ngland	Same C	Carnegie
Student-Faculty Interaction	UNH	instituti	Pub	lics	Cl	ass
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%					
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	50	+8	+2		+9	
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	29	-1	l l	-4	+0	1
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	36	+2		-3	+4	1
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	27	-5		-7		-3
Effective Teaching Practices						
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have						
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	82	+1	(-1	+1)
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	80	+2	+3		+2	1
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	83	+5	+4		+5	
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	59	-1		-6		-3
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	63	+2	1	-4	+0	•

Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.



Campus Environment

University of New Hampshire at Durham

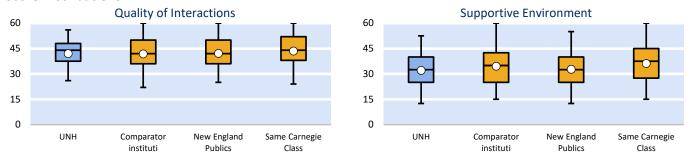
Campus Environment: First-year students

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your first-year students compared with										
	UNH	Comparat	tor instituti	New Eng	land Publics	Same Carr	egie Class					
			Effect		Effect		Effect					
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size					
Quality of Interactions	42.0	41.8	.02	42.1	01	43.6	14					
Supportive Environment	32.1	34.6 *	19	32.8	05	36.2 ***	31					

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference ^a between your FY students and						
Quality of Interactions	UNH	Comparator instituti	New England Publics	Same Carnegie Class				
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent") with	%							
13a. Students	44	-8	-6	-10				
13b. Academic advisors	58	+10	+9	+2				
13c. Faculty	52	+3	-3	(-1				
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	35	■ -7	-6	-13				
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	39	+2	-2	-5				
Supportive Environment		·	•					
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized								
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	72	+2	+7	-3				
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	74	+3	+5	-1				
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	47	-13	-6	-15				
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	65	-6	-4	-8				
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	63	-2	+1	I -7				
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	31	-7	-2	-11				
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	64	-1	-1	-6				
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	34	-13	-11	-10				

Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.



Campus Environment

University of New Hampshire at Durham

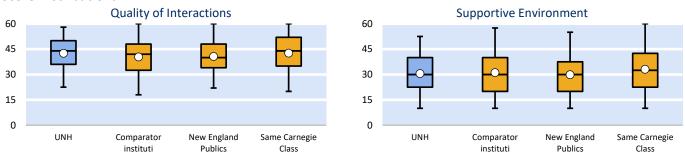
Campus Environment: Seniors

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your seniors compared with	
	UNH	Comparator instituti	New England Publics	Same Carnegie Class
		Effect	Effect	Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Quality of Interactions	42.6	40.4 * .18	40.7 .17	42.601
Supportive Environment	30.6	31.204	29.9 .06	33.1 **18

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage poir	nt difference ^a between	your seniors and
		Comparator	New England	Same Carnegie
Quality of Interactions	UNH	instituti	Publics	Class
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from I="Poor" to 7="Excellent") with	%			
13a. Students	63	+10	+12	+4
13b. Academic advisors	51	+7	+4	+1
13c. Faculty	57	+4	ļ -0	+1
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	45	+8	+12	+0
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	42	+9	+10	-0
Supportive Environment				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized				
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	66	+3	+3	-3
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	65	+5	+5	-0
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	40	-13	-9	-18
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	68	+5	+8	+1
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	58	+2	+7	-3
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	24	-4	+1	-9
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	61	+3	+8	+0
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	33	-7	-6	-7

Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website

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Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions University of New Hampshire at Durham

Comparisons with Top 50% and Top 10% Institutions

While NSSE's policy is not to rank institutions (see **go.iu.edu/NSSE-PnP**), the results below are designed to compare the engagement of your students with those attending two groups of institutions identified by NSSE^a for their high average levels of student engagement:

- (a) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 50% of all 2023 and 2024 NSSE institutions, and
- (b) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 10% of all 2023 and 2024 NSSE institutions.

While the average scores for most institutions are below the mean for the top 50% or top 10%, your institution may show areas of distinction where your average student was as engaged as (or even more engaged than) the typical student at high-performing institutions. A check mark (\checkmark) signifies those comparisons where your average score was at least comparable to that of the high-performing group. However, the presence of a check mark does not necessarily mean that your institution was a member of that group.

It should be noted that most of the variability in student engagement is within, not between, institutions. Even "high-performing" institutions have students with engagement levels below the average for all institutions.

First-Year S	Students			Your first-year stude	ents compared with	ı	
		UNH	NSSE T	Гор 50%	NSSE T	op 10%	
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size ✓	Mean	Effect size	\checkmark
	Higher-Order Learning	36.3	39.8 ***	26	42.4 ***	48	
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	34.9	37.3 **	20	39.9 ***	43	
Challenge	Learning Strategies	35.7	40.2 ***	32	43.1 ***	52	
	Quantitative Reasoning	27.5	30.8 **	21	33.3 ***	37	
Learning	Collaborative Learning	31.7	33.4	12	36.7 ***	37	
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	33.2	40.7 ***	51	44.2 ***	80	
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	21.2	25.4 ***	27	29.9 ***	56	
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	34.7	40.8 ***	45	43.6 ***	63	
Campus	Quality of Interactions	42.0	45.7 ***	32	48.7 ***	56	
Environment	Supportive Environment	32.1	37.1 ***	38	40.4 ***	66	
Seniors				Your seniors co	ompared with		
		UNH	NSSE T	Гор 50%	NSSE T	op 10%	
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size ✓	Mean	Effect size	\checkmark
	Higher-Order Learning	41.3	42.4	08 ✓	44.9 ***	28	
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	39.0	40.6	13	43.2 ***	35	
Challenge	Learning Strategies	38.1	41.2 **	21	44.1 ***	42	
	Quantitative Reasoning	32.4	32.8	03 ✓	36.2 **	23	
Learning	Collaborative Learning	34.1	34.7	04 ✓	38.0 ***	29	
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	32.2	41.4 ***	59	44.1 ***	83	
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	25.7	29.9 ***	26	34.9 ***	58	
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	40.4	42.5 *	15	45.2 ***	37	
Campus	Quality of Interactions	42.6	45.4 ***	24	48.1 ***	45	
Environment	Supportive Environment	30.6	34.6 ***	29	38.0 ***	54	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

a. Precision-weighted means were used to determine the top 50% and top 10% institutions for each Engagement Indicator from all current- and prior-year institutions, separately by class. Using this method, Engagement Indicator scores of institutions with relatively large standard errors were adjusted toward the mean of all students, while those with smaller standard errors received smaller corrections. As a result, schools with less stable data—even those with high average scores—may not be among the top scorers. NSSE does not publish the names of the top 50% and top 10% institutions because of our commitment not to release institutional results and our policy against ranking institutions.

b. Check marks are assigned to comparisons that are either positive or non-significant with an effect size > -.10.



Detailed Statistics^a University of New Hampshire at Durham

Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students

	Mea	n statisti	ics	Percentile ^d scores				Co	mparison	results		
_		_							Deg. of	Mean		Effect
	Mean	SD ^b	SE c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g
Academic Challenge												
Higher-Order Learning												
UNH $(N = 183)$	36.3	12.6	.93	20	25	40	40	60				
Comparator instituti	39.2	12.8	.24	20	30	40	50	60	2,940	-2.8	.004	221
New England Publics	37.6	12.6	.53	20	30	40	45	60	755	-1.3	.241	100
Same Carnegie Class	39.0	13.2	.12	20	30	40	50	60	12,693	-2.7	.007	201
Top 50%	39.8	13.2	.05	20	30	40	50	60	59,097	-3.5	.000	264
Top 10%	42.4	12.5	.15	20	35	40	55	60	6,959	-6.0	.000	482
Reflective & Integrative Learning												
UNH $(N = 196)$	34.9	11.7	.83	17	29	34	43	57				
Comparator instituti	36.2	11.8	.21	17	29	37	43	57	3,232	-1.3	.126	113
New England Publics	37.8	11.6	.46	20	31	37	46	57	822	-2.9	.002	249
Same Carnegie Class	35.9	12.1	.10	17	29	37	43	60	13,912	-1.0	.246	083
Top 50%	37.3	12.0	.05	17	29	37	46	60	53,205	-2.4	.005	202
Top 10%	39.9	11.7	.15	20	31	40	49	60	6,404	-5.0	.000	431
Learning Strategies												
UNH $(N = 165)$	35.7	13.7	1.06	20	27	33	47	60				
Comparator instituti	38.8	13.4	.27	20	27	40	47	60	2,724	-3.2	.004	235
New England Publics	36.6	13.7	.59	13	27	40	47	60	705	-1.0	.429	070
Same Carnegie Class	38.7	13.9	.13	20	27	40	47	60	11,512	-3.1	.005	221
Top 50%	40.2	13.9	.06	20	33	40	53	60	47,834	-4.5	.000	324
Top 10%	43.1	14.5	.14	20	33	40	60	60	10,855	-7.5	.000	517
Quantitative Reasoning												
UNH (N = 170)	27.5	13.4	1.03	7	20	27	40	47				
Comparator instituti	31.3	14.9	.29	7	20	33	40	60	198	-3.8	.001	255
New England Publics	28.8	14.9	.63	0	20	27	40	53	724	-1.2	.333	085
Same Carnegie Class	30.8	15.6	.14	7	20	33	40	60	176	-3.3	.002	212
Top 50%	30.8	15.5	.07	7	20	33	40	60	170	-3.3	.002	212
Top 10%	33.3	15.4	.15	7	20	33	40	60	171	-5.7	.002	374
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
UNH (N = 221)	31.7	14.4	.97	10	20	30	40	60				
Comparator instituti	32.3	13.9	.24	10	20	30	40	60	2 570	7	.499	047
*						30			3,579			
New England Publics	30.8	13.1	.51	10	20		40	55	348	.9	.406	.068
Same Carnegie Class	32.3	14.5	.12	10	20	30	40	60	15,359	6	.566	039
Top 50%	33.4	13.9	.05	10	25	35	40	60	64,645	-1.7	.069	123
Top 10%	36.7	13.7	.12	15	25	35	45	60	12,291	-5.0	.000	365
Discussions with Diverse Others		10.	1.61									
UNH (N = 167)	33.2	13.1	1.01	15	25	35	40	60				
Comparator instituti	39.3	14.8	.29	20	30	40	50	60	195	-6.1	.000	415
New England Publics	34.9	14.1	.60	15	25	35	45	60	713	-1.8	.152	127
Same Carnegie Class	40.3	15.2	.14	15	30	40	55	60	173	-7.1	.000	469
Top 50%	40.7	14.9	.06	20	30	40	55	60	168	-7.5	.000	507
Top 10%	44.2	13.8	.18	20	35	45	60	60	178	-11.1	.000	804



Detailed Statistics^a University of New Hampshire at Durham

Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students

	Mea	n statisti	cs		Percentile ^d scores				Comparison results				
	-								Deg. of	Mean		Effect	
	Mean	SD ^b	SE c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g	
Experiences with Faculty													
Student-Faculty Interaction													
UNH $(N = 185)$	21.2	14.4	1.05	0	10	20	30	50					
Comparator instituti	21.4	14.8	.28	0	10	20	30	50	3,074	2	.857	014	
New England Publics	21.2	15.0	.61	0	10	20	30	50	782	.0	.977	.002	
Same Carnegie Class	22.3	15.4	.14	0	10	20	30	55	13,218	-1.2	.310	075	
Top 50%	25.4	15.3	.08	5	15	25	35	60	33,942	-4.2	.000	272	
Top 10%	29.9	15.5	.24	5	20	30	40	60	4,307	-8.7	.000	561	
Effective Teaching Practices													
UNH $(N = 180)$	34.7	11.4	.85	16	28	36	40	56					
Comparator instituti	38.0	12.6	.24	20	28	40	48	60	209	-3.3	.000	259	
New England Publics	38.1	12.7	.53	20	32	40	48	60	755	-3.4	.002	272	
Same Carnegie Class	38.9	12.9	.12	20	32	40	48	60	186	-4.2	.000	327	
Top 50%	40.8	13.5	.07	20	32	40	52	60	181	-6.0	.000	449	
Top 10%	43.6	14.1	.16	20	36	44	56	60	192	-8.8	.000	629	
Campus Environment													
Quality of Interactions													
UNH $(N = 155)$	42.0	9.8	.79	26	38	44	48	56					
Comparator instituti	41.8	10.9	.22	22	36	42	50	60	180	.2	.782	.021	
New England Publics	42.1	10.4	.46	25	36	42	50	60	666	1	.906	011	
Same Carnegie Class	43.6	11.1	.11	24	38	44	52	60	160	-1.5	.056	138	
Top 50%	45.7	11.5	.06	24	40	48	54	60	156	-3.7	.000	321	
Top 10%	48.7	11.9	.15	24	42	52	60	60	166	-6.7	.000	563	
Supportive Environment													
UNH $(N = 154)$	32.1	11.7	.94	13	25	33	40	53					
Comparator instituti	34.6	12.7	.25	15	25	35	43	60	176	-2.5	.013	195	
New England Publics	32.8	12.2	.53	13	25	33	40	55	676	6	.562	053	
Same Carnegie Class	36.2	13.1	.13	15	28	38	45	60	158	-4.1	.000	310	
Top 50%	37.1	13.0	.07	17	28	38	45	60	154	-5.0	.000	383	
Top 10%	40.4	12.6	.22	20	33	40	50	60	170	-8.3	.000	660	

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

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b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean \pm 1.96 x SE) is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



Detailed Statistics^a University of New Hampshire at Durham

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mea	ın statist	ics	Percentile ^d scores				Comparison results				
_		SD ^b	SE ^c		05:/	=0.1			Deg. of	Mean	s: f	Effect . a
Academic Challenge	Mean	SD	SE	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g
Higher-Order Learning												
UNH (N = 197)	41.3	12.9	.92	20	35	40	50	60				
` '	40.2	13.2	.92	20	30	40	50	60	2,330	1.1	.252	.085
Comparator instituti New England Publics	39.0	12.8	.69	20	30	40	50	60	535	2.3	.232	.083
_	40.8	13.8	.13	20	30	40	50	60	10,785	.5	.587	.039
Same Carnegie Class	40.8	13.6	.07	20	35	40	55	60	10,783	.3 -1.2	.212	085
Top 50%	44.9	12.8	.07	20	40	45	60	60	3,676	-3.6	.000	282
Top 10%	44.9	12.0	.22	20	40	43	00	00	3,070	-3.0	.000	202
Reflective & Integrative Learning												
UNH $(N = 206)$	39.0	12.2	.85	20	29	40	49	60				
Comparator instituti	38.5	12.6	.26	17	31	40	49	60	2,500	.5	.554	.043
New England Publics	39.5	12.1	.63	20	31	40	49	60	567	4	.672	037
Same Carnegie Class	38.2	12.9	.12	17	29	37	49	60	11,532	.8	.374	.062
Top 50%	40.6	12.4	.07	20	31	40	51	60	33,560	-1.6	.063	130
Top 10%	43.2	11.8	.21	23	34	43	54	60	3,422	-4.2	.000	354
Learning Strategies												
UNH $(N = 187)$	38.1	13.7	1.00	20	27	40	47	60				
Comparator instituti	38.3	14.3	.32	13	27	40	47	60	2,180	3	.811	018
New England Publics	37.0	14.0	.78	13	27	40	47	60	509	1.1	.400	.077
Same Carnegie Class	39.6	14.6	.15	13	27	40	53	60	10,113	-1.5	.162	103
Top 50%	41.2	14.5	.07	20	33	40	53	60	40,722	-3.1	.004	213
Top 10%	44.1	14.2	.20	20	33	47	60	60	5,188	-6.0	.000	424
Quantitative Reasoning												
UNH (N = 186)	32.4	15.7	1.15	7	20	33	40	60				
Comparator instituti	32.6	16.2	.36	7	20	33	40	60	2,211	2	.874	012
New England Publics	30.8	16.6	.91	0	20	33	40	60	515	1.6	.297	.096
Same Carnegie Class	32.4	16.6	.17	7	20	33	40	60	10,269	.0	.982	002
Top 50%	32.8	16.5	.08	7	20	33	40	60	43,716	4	.719	026
Top 10%	36.2	16.2	.24	7	20	40	47	60	4,547	-3.8	.002	234
100 1070	30.2	10.2	.27	,	20	-10	-17	00	7,577	5.0	.002	.23
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
UNH $(N = 221)$	34.1	13.1	.88	10	25	35	45	60				
Comparator instituti	32.9	14.7	.30	10	20	35	40	60	272	1.2	.201	.082
New England Publics	32.1	14.1	.72	10	20	30	40	60	600	2.0	.083	.147
Same Carnegie Class	32.5	15.3	.14	5	20	30	40	60	231	1.6	.066	.108
Top 50%	34.7	14.2	.07	10	25	35	45	60	223	6	.476	044
Top 10%	38.0	13.6	.19	15	30	40	50	60	5,381	-3.9	.000	287
Discussions with Diverse Others												
UNH $(N = 184)$	32.2	13.7	1.01	10	20	30	40	60				
Comparator instituti	39.2	15.2	.34	15	30	40	50	60	227	-7.1	.000	468
New England Publics	33.5	14.5	.80	10	20	35	40	60	511	-1.3	.311	093
Same Carnegie Class	40.8	15.9	.16	15	30	40	55	60	193	-8.6	.000	545
Top 50%	41.4	15.6	.08	15	30	40	60	60	185	-9.2	.000	592
Top 10%	44.1	14.5	.21	20	35	45	60	60	5,048	-11.9	.000	826



Detailed Statistics^a University of New Hampshire at Durham

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mean statistics				Percentile ^d scores				Comparison results			
			-						Deg. of	Mean		Effect
	Mean	SD ^b	SE c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
UNH $(N = 202)$	25.7	15.4	1.08	5	15	25	35	55				
Comparator instituti	24.4	15.9	.34	0	15	20	35	60	2,409	1.2	.299	.076
New England Publics	26.5	15.4	.82	5	15	25	40	60	550	8	.554	052
Same Carnegie Class	23.6	16.4	.16	0	10	20	35	60	11,112	2.1	.075	.126
Top 50%	29.9	16.3	.12	5	20	30	40	60	18,465	-4.3	.000	262
Top 10%	34.9	16.1	.37	10	20	35	45	60	2,121	-9.2	.000	577
Effective Teaching Practices												
UNH $(N = 194)$	40.4	12.7	.91	20	32	40	52	60				
Comparator instituti	39.3	13.3	.29	16	32	40	48	60	2,324	1.1	.260	.085
New England Publics	40.1	12.5	.68	20	32	40	48	60	533	.3	.773	.026
Same Carnegie Class	40.2	13.9	.14	16	32	40	52	60	10,741	.2	.805	.018
Top 50%	42.5	13.8	.08	20	32	44	56	60	30,264	-2.1	.038	150
Top 10%	45.2	13.1	.22	20	36	48	60	60	3,871	-4.8	.000	369
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
UNH $(N = 183)$	42.6	10.8	.80	23	36	44	50	58				
Comparator instituti	40.4	12.0	.28	18	33	42	48	60	229	2.2	.011	.181
New England Publics	40.7	10.9	.62	22	34	40	48	60	494	1.9	.063	.173
Same Carnegie Class	42.6	12.3	.13	20	35	44	52	60	192	1	.939	005
Top 50%	45.4	12.0	.07	22	38	48	55	60	185	-2.8	.001	236
Top 10%	48.1	12.3	.16	23	42	50	60	60	198	-5.5	.000	453
Supportive Environment												
UNH $(N = 185)$	30.6	12.1	.89	10	23	30	40	53				
Comparator instituti	31.2	13.6	.31	10	20	30	40	58	231	6	.530	044
New England Publics	29.9	12.6	.71	10	20	30	38	55	503	.7	.549	.055
Same Carnegie Class	33.1	14.3	.14	10	23	33	43	60	194	-2.5	.006	176
Top 50%	34.6	14.2	.08	10	25	35	45	60	187	-4.1	.000	288
Top 10%	38.0	13.7	.26	15	28	40	48	60	216	-7.4	.000	544

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